

LAND COVER MAPPING OF SETIU DISTRICT, FROM SETIU  
WETLAND TO HULU SETIU FOREST RESERVE

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**LAND COVER MAPPING OF SETIU DISTRICT, FROM SETIU WETLAND TO  
HULU SETIU FOREST RESERVE.**

**By**

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## **LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS**

<b>AFRICOVER</b>	-	<b>Africa Land Cover</b>
<b>DN</b>	-	<b>Digital Number</b>
<b>ESRI</b>	-	<b>Environment System Research Institute</b>
<b>FAO</b>	-	<b>Food and Agriculture Organization</b>
<b>FAV</b>	-	<b>Average Filter</b>
<b>FELDA</b>	-	<b>Federal Land Development of Authority</b>
<b>GCP</b>	-	<b>Geometric Correction Point</b>
<b>GCPs</b>	-	<b>Ground Control Points</b>
<b>GIS</b>	-	<b>Geographical Information System</b>
<b>GPS</b>	-	<b>Global Positioning System</b>
<b>GUI</b>	-	<b>Graphic User Interface</b>
<b>IFOV</b>	-	<b>Instantaneous Field of View</b>
<b>IADP</b>	-	<b>Integrated Agriculture Development Project</b>
<b>ID</b>	-	<b>Identification</b>
<b>IT</b>	-	<b>Information Technology</b>
<b>MACRES</b>	-	<b>Malaysian Center for Remote Sensing</b>
<b>MLT</b>	-	<b>Mean Low Tide</b>
<b>MSS</b>	-	<b>Multi Spectral Scanner</b>
<b>NLC</b>	-	<b>National Land Cover</b>

NOAA	-	National Atmospheric and Oceanic Administrative
RMSE	-	Root Means Square Error
RSO	-	Rectified Skew Orthomorphic
PAT	-	Polygon Attribute or Point Attribute
SPOT	-	Systeme Pour l' Observation de le Terre
TM	-	Thematic Mapper
USGS	-	United States Geological Survey
Veg RIS	-	Vegetation Resource Information System
API	-	Aerial Photography Interpretation
MSSI	-	Multi Spectral Satellite Imagery
OTG	-	On The Ground

## **ABSTRACT**

A study of land cover was conducted in the District of Setiu, Terengganu. The study area covered from Setiu Wetlands until Hulu Setiu Forest Reserve. The total area was approximately 34713.63 ha. The objectives were to produce a Land Cover Map and to gain updated information of land use within the study area. Landsat TM 1997 satellite imagery with the resolution of 30m X 30m was being used. Digital image processing was conducted to get 13 classes of land cover. The general methodology of remote sensing technique being used was; geometric correction, classification, ground truth, filtering and accuracy assessment. The 13 classes of land cover were being explained further in Chapter 4 and 5. Accuracy assessment was being discussed in Chapter 5, as it was an important aspect in remote sensing. In order to gain accurate information of land cover the accuracy must be between 85 to 90%. A Land Cover Map 2005 with 13 classes altogether had been produced.

# **PEMETAAN LITUPAN TANAH DAERAH SETIU: DARI SETIU WETLANDS HINGGA HUTAN LIPUR HULU SETIU**

## **ABSTRAK**

Kajian mengenai litupan muka bumi telah dijalankan di Daerah Setiu, Terengganu. Kawasan kajian meliputi Setiu Wetlands hingga ke Hutan Simpan Hulu Setiu. Kawasan kajian merangkumi kawasan seluas 34713.63 ha. Objektif kajian ini adalah untuk menghasilkan Peta Litupan Tanah kawasan kajian serta untuk mendapatkan data terkini penggunaan tanah di kawasan kajian tersebut. Imej satelit Landsat TM 1997 dengan resolusi 30m X 30m telah digunakan. Metodologi umum dalam teknik Penderiaan Jauh yang telah digunakan adalah; pembetulan geometri, klasifikasi, kebenaran di bumi, proses penurasan dan piawai ketepatan. 13 kelas litupan tanah yang telah diperolehi akan dibincangkan lebih lanjut di Bab 4 dan 5. Piawai ketepatan adalah satu aspek yang penting dalam Penderiaan Jauh dan ia akan dibincangkan lebih lanjut di Bab 5. Piawai ketepatan untuk mendapatkan data yang tepat, kadar mestilah di antara 85 hingga 90%. Satu Peta Litupan Tanah 2005 dengan 13 kelas telah berjaya dihasilkan.