FEGAL GOLFOFT AND E.O.L. GOLFANNWATION IN CULTURED OVSTER, (GRASSOCIPEA IDEDALE), WATER AND SEDIMENT OF SETUPLASCON, TERENOGANU

MIN SCOTINGE



Fecal coliform and e.coli contamination in cultured oyster, (Crassostrea iredalei), water and sediment of Setiu Lagoon, Terengganu / Kuik Soon Ngee.



PERPUSTAKAAN SULTANAH NUR ZAHIRAH UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU (UMT)

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FECAL COLIFORM AND *E.coli* CONTAMINATION IN CULTURED OYSTER, (*Crassostrea iredalei*), WATER AND SEDIMENT OF SETIU LAGOON, TERENGGANU.

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Research report submitted in partial fulfillment of The requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science (Marine Science)

Department of Marine Sciences

Faculty of Maritime Studies and Marine Science

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List of Symbols

APHA • American Public Health Association

Apr - April

Aug - August

ASEAN - Association of South East Asia Nations

°C degree centigrade

CSSP - Canadian Shellfish Sanitation Program

Dec – December

DO dissolve oxygen

DOE - Department of Environment

DSP diarrheic shellfish poison

E. coli - Escherichia coli

EU European Union

FAD Food and Drug Administration

FC - fecal coliform

FDA Food and Drug Administration

g - gram

GAD - glutamic acid decarboxylase

INWQS - Interim National Water Quality Standards

kg - kilogram

M - molarity

Mg miligram

mL - mililitre

mm - milimetre

MF - Membrane Filter

MPN - most probable number

MTF - Multiple-tube Fermentation Technique

NaCl - natrium chloride

NaOH - natrium hydroxide

Nov - November

NSSP - National Shellfish Sanitation Program

Oct - October

pH - potential of hydrogen

ppt - parts per thousand

PSP - Paralytic shellfish poison

Sept September

TC total coliform

USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

WHO - World Health Organisation

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ABSTRACT

This study is aimed to evaluate the level of fecal contamination that caused by sewage pollution in Setiu lagoon, Terengganu and also to determine whether the cultured oysters in the lagoon are safe for human consumption. Three sampling trips were conducted on 13th September 2006, 12th October 2006 and 14th December 2006. Fourteen sampling stations were established in the lagoon. Total coliform, fecal coliform, Escherichia coli (E. coli) counts in water, sediment and cultured oysters (Crassostrea iredalei) were estimated by using Multiple Test Tube Fermentation of Standard Method. GAD test was carried out to determine the presence of E. coli in the samples. The mean of total coliform, fecal coliform and E. coli in waters of Setiu lagoon were 652.88 MPN.100 mL $^{-1}$, 219.46 MPN.100 mL $^{-1}$ and 22.07 MPN.100 mL $^{-1}$ respectively. The mean of total coliform, fecal coliform and E. coli in the sediments of Setiu lagoon were 37.83 MPN.g⁻¹, 20.49 MPN.g⁻¹ and 4.03 MPN.g⁻¹ respectively. The mean of total coliform, fecal coliform and E. coli counts in cultured oysters were 176.93 MPN.g-1, 245.52 MPN.g⁻¹ and 1.72 MPN.g⁻¹ respectively. The presence of total coliform, fecal coliform and E. coli in the waters and sediment of Setiu lagoon indicates that the lagoon has been contaminated by domestic sewage effluent. This study shows that, the level of fecal coliform is over the safety level for aquaculture but the E. coli in Setiu lagoon are still within the safety level for human consumption. Even then a proper measurement should be taken to maintain a healthy environment quality for future use.

ABSTRAK

Kajian ini bertujuan untuk menentukan tahap pencemaran najis akibat pembuangan bahan kumbahan ke dalam lagun Setiu dan juga menentukan sama ada tiram yang dikultur di lagun itu selamat untuk dimakan. Kerja persampelan dilakukan sebanyak tiga kali iaitu, pada 13th September 2006, 12th Oktober 2006 and 14th Disember 2006. Empat belas stesen persampelan dipilih di sekeliling lagun Setiu. "Multiple Test Tube Fermentation of Standard Method" digunakan untuk menentukan bilangan coliform, fecal coliform dan E. coli di dalam air, sedimen, dan tiram yang dikultur (Crassostrea iredalei) di lagun Setiu. Ujian GAD telah digunakan untuk mengesan kehadiran E. coli di dalam sample. Nilai purata untuk bilangan coliform, fecal coliform dan E. coli dalam air masing-masing ialah 652.88 MPN.100 mL⁻¹, 219.46 MPN.100 mL⁻¹ and 22.07 MPN.100 mL⁻¹. Nilai purata untuk bilangan coliform, fecal coliform dan E. coli dalam sedimen masing-masing ialah 37.83 MPN.g⁻¹, 20.49 MPN.g⁻¹ and 4.03 MPN.g⁻¹ manakala bagi tiram yang dikultur di Setiu pula masing-masing 176.93 MPN.g⁻¹, 245.52 MPN.g⁻¹ and 1.72 MPN.g⁻¹. Kehadiran total coliform, fecal coliform dan E. coli di dalam air dan sedimen menunjukkan bahawa lagun Setiu telah dicemari oleh bahan kumbahan. Kajian ini menunjukkan tahap fecal coliform di dalam lagun Setiu melebihi tahap keselamatan untuk aktiviti-aktiviti akuakultur tetapi tahap E.coli masih dalam tahap keselamatan untuk dimakan. Walaubagaimanapun langkah-langkah yang sewajarnya perlu diambil untuk mewujudkan persekitaran lagun dengan kualiti yang bersih bagi penggunaan masa depan.