

FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES AND MARINE SCIENCE

UNIVERSITY OF NEWCASTLE AUSTRALIA

2007

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Mangrove vegetation mapping and distribution using high spectral resolution image of quickbird at ten selected islands in Kelantan Delta / Erda Hazwani Abdul Malek.

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**MANGROVES VEGETATION MAPPING AND DISTRIBUTION USING HIGH
SPECTRAL RESOLUTION IMAGE OF QUICKBIRD AT TEN SELECTED ISLANDS
IN KELANTAN DELTA**

BY

ERDA HAZWANI BT ABDUL MALEK

**Research Report submitted in partial fulfillment of
The requirement for the degree of
Bachelor of Science (Marine Biology)**

**Department of Marine Science
Faculty of Maritime Studies and Marine Science
UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU
2007**

1100054043

This project should be cited as:

Erda-Hazwani, A. M. 2007. Mangroves Vegetation Mapping and Distribution Using High Spectral Resolution Image of Quickbird at Ten Selected Islands in Kelantan Delta. Final Year Project Report, Bachelor of Science (Marine Biology), Faculty of Maritime Studies and Marine Science, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu. 68p.

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**JABATAN SAINS MARIN
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**PENGAKUAN DAN PENGESAHAN
LAPORAN PROJEK PENYELIDIKAN I DAN II**

Adalah ini diakui dan disahkan bahawa laporan penyelidikan bertajuk: "**Mangroves Vegetation Mapping and Distribution using High Spectral Resolution Image of Quickbird at Ten Selected Islands in Kelantan Delta**" oleh **Erda Hazwani Binti Abdul Malek** No. Matrik **UK10405** telah diperiksa dan semua pembetulan yang disarankan telah dilakukan. Laporan ini dikemukakan kepada Jabatan Sains Marin sebagai memenuhi sebahagian daripada keperluan memperolehi ijazah **Sarjana Muda Sains Biologi Marin** Fakulti Pengajian Maritim dan Sains Marin, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

ALHAMDULLILAH, first of all I would like to thank Allah s.w.t who gives me courage and strength to finish this project. I also would like to give my appreciation to my project supervisor, Assoc. Prof. Sulong Bin Ibrahim and my co-supervisor Mr. Mohd Suffian Bin Idris for their guidance and advises in order to complete in thesis. Thank you also to the Kota Bharu Forestry Department officers that help me a lot during my sampling at the Kelantan Delta.

To Miss Wan Nurzalia Bt Wan Saelan, Mr. Yunus Bin Ibrahim, Mr. Ruzalizam Bin Katimon and all the research assistants, thank you very much for their help and assisted during the study. This appreciation also dedicated to En. Abdull Habir bin Alias, En. Ghazali bin Salam, all the lab assistants and boatmen, they had helped me a lot.

Not forgotten to all my housemate Amal, Ida and Has and my neighbors Huda, Leya and Zati who had helping me and lending me their stuff that can help me to finish this project. Finally, to everybody who involves directly or indirectly in this project.

Thank you very much.

TABLE OF CONTENT

Contents	Page
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	ii
LIST OF TABLES	vi
LIST OF FIGURES	vii
LIST OF APPENDIXES	vii
LIST OF SYMBOLS	ix
ABSTRAK	x
ABSTRACT	xi
CHAPTER ONE	
1.0 INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Justification of study	3
1.2 Objectives	3
CHAPTER TWO	
2.0 LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1 Mangroves	4
2.2 Classification of Mangroves Vegetation	5
2.3 Loss of Mangroves	6
2.3.1 Erosion	
2.3.2 Human Activities	

2.4 Importance of Mangroves	7
2.4.1 Ecological	
2.4.2 Economic	
2.4.3 Geomorphological and physical function	
2.5 Remote Sensing	8
2.5.1 QuickBird	9
2.6 Mangroves Mapping	11

CHAPTER THREE

3.0 METHODOLOGY

3.1 Study Area	14
3.2 Material	15
3.3 Methodology	
3.3.1 Geometric Correction	16
3.3.2 Image Classification	17
3.3.3 Ground Truthing	18
3.3.4 Accuracy Assessment	18
3.3.5 Final Map	18
3.3.6 Inventory	20

CHAPTER FOUR

4.0 RESULT

4.1 Supervised Classification	22
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4.1.1 Inventory	38
4.1.2 Accuracy Assessment	42
4.2 Distribution of mangrove vegetations in the study area	43
CHAPTER FIVE	
5.0 DISCUSSION	
5.1 Distribution of Mangroves	45
5.2 Regeneration of Mangroves	47
5.3 Mangroves Classification	
5.3.1 Remote sensing	48
5.3.2 Inventory	50
5.4 Accuracy Assessment	51
5.5 What are the problems that mangroves facing with?	53
CHAPTER SIX	
6.0 CONCLUSION	55
RECOMMENDATION	56
REFERENCES	57
APPENDIXES	61
CURRICULUM VITAE	68

LIST OF TABLE

Table		Page
1	Information of Quickbird 2006 Image	15
2	Inventory data sheet	21
3	Percentage of mangroves type at every island in Western Part of Kelantan Delta	24
4	Accuracy assessment of all islands in the study area	42

LIST OF FIGURE

Figure		Page
1	The location of the study area at western part of Kelantan Delta, Tumpat.	14
2	The Study Outline	19
3	Unsupervised classification of the study area	20
4	Sampling Design in the Study Area	21
5	Mangroves classification and distribution in the western part of Kelantan Delta	23
6	Supervised classification of Pulau Che Minah	26
7	Supervised classification of Pulau Tengkorak	27
8	Supervised classification of Pulau Bedal	28
9	Supervised classification of Pulau Layang-Layang	29
10	Supervised classification of Pulau Kambing	30
11	Supervised classification of Pulau Terendak	32
12	Supervised classification of Pulau Timun	33
13	Supervised classification of Pulau Tongkang	34
14	Supervised classification of subsection of Tg. Duff	35
15	Supervised classification of Tg. Duff	36
16	Supervised classification of Pulau Rulah	37
17	Height range of <i>A. alba</i> and <i>S. caseolaris</i> at Pulau Che Minah	40
18	DBH range of <i>A. alba</i> and <i>S. caseolaris</i> at Pulau Che Minah	40
19	Height range of <i>A. alba</i> and <i>S. caseolaris</i> at Pulau Tengkorak	40

20	DBH range of <i>A. alba</i> and <i>S. caseolaris</i> at Pulau Tengkorak	40
21	Height range of <i>A. alba</i> at Pulau Bedal	40
22	DBH range of <i>A. alba</i> at Pulau Bedal	40
23	Height range of <i>A. alba</i> and <i>S. caseolaris</i> at Pulau Terendak	41
24	DBH range of <i>A. alba</i> and <i>S. caseolaris</i> at Pulau Terendak	41

LIST OF APPENDIXES

Appendix		Page
1	Value of Root Mean Square Error (RMSE)	60
2	Accuracy Assesment for Pulau Che Minah	60
3	Accuracy Assesment for Pulau Tengkorak	60
4	Accuracy Assesment for Pulau Bedal	61
5	Accuracy Assesment for Pulau Layang-Layang	61
6	Accuracy Assesment for Pulau Kambing	62
7	Accuracy Assesment for Pulau Terendak	62
8	Accuracy Assesment for Pulau Timun	63
9	Accuracy Assesment for Pulau Tongkang	63
10	Accuracy Assesment for Tanjung Duff	64
11	Accuracy Assesment for Pulau Rulah	64
12	Dead <i>A. alba</i> in Pulau Tengkorak	65
13	Replanting area of the study site	65
14	<i>Soneratia-Acanthus</i> forest type	66
15	<i>Avicennia</i> forest type	66
16	<i>Acanthus-Nypa</i> forest type	67
17	Signboard of replanted area at Pulau Kambing and Pulau Layang-Layang	67

LIST OF SYMBOLS

Symbol

m	Meter
Km	Kilometer
cm	Centimeter
μm	Micrometer
ha	Hectares
vs	Versus
NCES	The National Coastal Erosion Study
VHR	Very High Resolution
NIR	Near Infrared
GIS	Geographical Information System
TM	Thematic Mapper
GPS	Global Positioning System
DBH	Diameter at the Breast Height
INOS	Institute of Oceanography
GCP	Ground Center Point
RMSE	Root–Mean–Square errors
P. Che Minah	Pulau Che Minah
P. Bedal	Pulau Bedal
P. Layang-Layang	Pulau Layang- Layang
P. Rulah	Pulau Rulah
Tg. Duff	Tanjung Duff

ABSTRAK

Hutan paya laut merupakan salah satu ekosistem pantai yang paling produktif dan berkembang dengan pesat di kawasan terlindung di estuari dan delta. Hutan Paya Laut membentuk kawasan terlindung dan membantu mengawal hakisan. Adalah sangat penting untuk melindungi dan memantau keadaannya supaya sentiasa dalam keadaan yang tidak terancam. Delta Kelantan merupakan sebuah hutan paya laut yang baru terbentuk. Sebuah kajian dilakukan untuk memperolehi maklumat tentang status dan taburan hutan paya laut di Delta Kelantan. Kajian ini mengelaskan hutan paya laut di sepuluh pulau terpilih di Delta Kelantan menggunakan imej satelit dari sensor QuickBird. Imej QuickBird digunakan kerana ia merupakan ciptaan terbaru sensor satellite dengan nama ‘Very High Resolution (VHR)’ dengan resolusi 0.61m. Kajian telah dijalankan pada September dan Oktober 2006. Pemetaan tumbuhan hutan paya bakau telah dilakukan menggunakan pengelasan ‘unsupervised’ dan ‘supervised’. Bagi memastikan data ‘ground truthing’ dan kaedah inventori ringkas telah dilakukan di empat buah iaitu Pulau Che Minah, Pulau Tengkorak, Pulau Bedal dan Pulau Terendak. Sebelas kelas hutan tumbuhan telah dikenalpasti iaitu *Avicennia*, *Nypa fruticans*, ‘mix mangroves’, *Sonneratia-Avicennia*, *Avicennia-Nypa Acanthus-Nypa*, *Sonneratia-Nypa*, *Sonneratia-Acanthus*, *Hibiscus-Nypa*, *Acanthus-Acrosticum* dan *Rhizophora* spp. di kawasan penanaman semula. Tumbuhan paya laut tumbuh secara menyeluruh di seluruh pulau di Delta Kelantan. Imej Quickbird dapat mengenalpasti kelas tumbuhan dengan baik tetapi tidak sehingga peringkat spesies mamandangkan ia hanya mempunyai empat ‘bands’.

ABSTRACT

Mangroves are among the most productive coastal ecosystem and they are developing well in sheltered estuaries and deltas. It is very important to protect and monitor to make sure that they will always be in good conditions. Kelantan Delta is new mangroves. A study was done to obtain the information of the mangroves status and distribution in Kelantan Delta. This study classifies mangroves vegetation at ten selected islands of Kelantan Delta using QuickBird imagery. QuickBird imagery was used because it is the latest of Very High Resolution (VHR) satellite sensor with 0.61m resolution. The study was done at the September to October 2006. Mapping of the mangroves vegetation at the western part of Kelantan Delta was done using unsupervised and supervised classification. To clarify the ground truthing data, simple inventory procedure was done at four of the islands which were Pulau Che Minah, Pulau Tengkorak, Pulau Bedal and Pulau Terendak. Eleven types of mangrove forests: *Avicennia*, *Nypa fruticans*, mix mangroves, *Sonneratia-Avicennia*, *Avicennia-Nypa Acanthus-Nypa*, *Sonneratia-Nypa*, *Sonneratia-Acanthus*, *Hibiscus-Nypa*, *Acanthus-Acrosticum* and *Rhizophora* spp. replanting area were classified. Mangrove vegetations were distributed widely in all of the islands at the western part of Kelantan Delta. Quickbird image had successfully identified the vegetation classes but not until species due to it only has four bands.