

HISTOLOGICAL STUDY AND FATTY ACID COMPOSITION
IN HEPATOPANCREAS OF BLUE SWIMMING CRAB,
Portunus pelagicus AT DIFFERENT OVARIAN
MATURATION STAGES

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**HISTOLOGICAL STUDY AND FATTY ACID COMPOSITION IN
HEPATOPANCREAS OF BLUE SWIMMING CRAB, *Portunus pelagicus* AT
DIFFERENT OVARIAN MATURATION STAGES**

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Bachelor of Science (Marine Biology)

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**DECLARATION AND VERIFICATION REPORT
FINAL YEAR RESEARCH PROJECT**

It is hereby declared and verified that this research report entitled Histological Study and Fatty Acid Composition in Hepatopancreas of Blue Swimming Crab, *Portunus pelagicus* at Different Ovarian Maturation Stages by Mohd Syafiq bin Mukrim, Matric No. UK26637 have been examined and all errors identified have been corrected. This report is submitted to the School of Marine Science and Environment as partial fulfillment towards obtaining the Degree of Marine Biology, School of Marine Science and Environment, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

CW	-	carapace width
BW	-	body weight
g	-	gram
cm	-	centimetre
°C	-	degree celcius
µm	-	micron
mg	-	milligram
mm	-	millimeter
min	-	minutes
rpm	-	rounds per minutes
mL	-	millilitre
SAFA	-	saturated fatty acid
MUFA	-	monounsaturated fatty acid
PUFA	-	polyunsaturated fatty acid

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ABSTRACT

Histological characteristics and fatty acid composition in hepatopancreas of female *P. pelagicus* were investigated. Samples were obtained from Gelang Patah, Johore, Malaysia. Present study showed the section and parts of hepatopancreas tubules through histology method. Fluctuation could be observed from the stages. Tubules in Stage 2 of the ovarian maturation stages had highest tubules height, 0.1633 mm. Statistically, there were significant different in tubules height at different ovarian maturation stages. Fatty acid composition in present study were expressed in concentration and percentage. The most dominant individual fatty acids was C16:0 with mean concentration and percentage of 343.6725 mg/g and 30.42-39.46%. Secondly was C18:0 (134.7723 mg/g, 11.78-14.59%) and followed by C20:5n3 (88.06968 and 6.22-1033%. The most dominant fatty acid classes was SAFA, followed by PUFA and MUFA. Fatty acid composition in hepatopancreas pattern at different ovarian maturation stages was influenced by several factors like mobilization to ovary and other part of tissue, gonadal activity, time frame of fatty acid transfer to ovary and vitellogenesis. Statistically, there were no significant difference of fatty acids (SAFA, MUFA, PUFA, and total fatty acids) at different ovarian maturation stages. Instead of being important part in ovarian maturation, fatty acids also act as biomarkers and indicator for nutritious and safe diet to human.

**KAJIAN HISTOLOGI & KOMPOSISI ASID LEMAK DALAM
HEPATOPANCREAS KETAM RENJONG, *Portunus pelagicus* PADA
PERINGKAT KEMATANGAN Ovari YANG BERBEZA**

ABSTRAK

Ciri-ciri histologi dan komposisi asid lemak dalam hepatopancreas *P. pelagicus* betina telah disiasat. Sampel diperolehi daripada Gelang Patah, Johor, Malaysia. Kajian ini menunjukkan bahagian tubul hepatopancreas melalui kaedah histologi. Perubahan ketinggian sel dapat diperhatikan dari peringkat awal ke peringkat akhir perkembangan ovari. Sel dalam peringkat 2 mempunyai tubul tertinggi, 0.037 mm. Statistik , terdapat perbezaan yang signifikan dalam ketinggian tubul pada peringkat kematangan yang berbeza ovari. Komposisi asid lemak dalam kajian ini telah dinyatakan dalam kepekatan dan peratusan. Asid lemak individu yang dominan adalah C16:0 dengan kepekatan dan peratusan 343,67 mg / g dan 30,42-39,46 %. Asid lemak kedua adalah C18:0 (134,77 mg / g, 11,78-14,59 %) dan diikuti oleh C20:5n3 (88,07 mg/g dan 6,22-1.033 %. Kelas asid lemak yang dominan adalah SAFA, diikuti oleh PUFA dan MUFA. Komposisi asid lemak dalam hepatopancreas pada peringkat kematangan yang berbeza ovari telah dipengaruhi oleh beberapa faktor seperti mobilisasi kepada ovari dan bahagian lain di dalam tisu, aktiviti gonad, rangka masa pemindahan lemak asid kepada ovari dan vitellogenesis . Secara statistik, terdapat perbezaan yang signifikan dalam ketinggian sel pada peringkat kematangan yang berbeza ovari. Di samping menjadi sebahagian penting dalam kematangan ovari, asid lemak juga bertindak sebagai penanda biologi dan petunjuk untuk diet berkhasiat dan selamat untuk manusia.