

MEASUREMENT OF ^{14}C AND ^{3}H FROM BRONCHOLITHES
AS THE FOLLOWING INTERFACIAL EXPOSURE OF
FORMALIN-KILLED *Capra hircus* IN GOATS

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MEASUREMENT OF IgA AND IgG FROM BRONCHOALVEOLAR LAVAGE
FOLLOWING INTRATRACHEAL EXPOSURE OF FORMALIN KILLED
Pasteurella multocida B2 IN GOATS

by

Tang Chia Seng

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**JABATAN SAINS BIOLOGI
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**PENGAKUAN DAN PENGESAHAN LAPORAN
PROJEK PENYELIDIKAN I DAN II**

Adalah ini diakui dan disahkan bahawa laporan penyelidikan bertajuk: Measurement of IgA and IgG from bronchoalveolar lavage following intratracheal exposure of formalin-killed *Pasteurella multocida* B2 in goats oleh Tang Chia Seng, No. Matrik: UK 6658 telah diperiksa dan semua pembetulan yang disarankan telah dilakukan. Laporan ini dikemukakan kepada Jabatan Sains Biologi sebagai memenuhi sebahagian daripada keperluan memperoleh Ijazah Bachelo Sains (Sains Biologi), Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi, Kolej Universiti Sains dan Teknologi Malaysia.

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TABLE OF CONTENT

	Page
TITLE PAGE	i
APPROVAL FORM	ii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	iii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	v
LIST OF TABLES	vii
LIST OF FIGURES	viii
LIST OF CHARTS	ix
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	x
LIST OF APPENDICES	xi
ABSTRACT	xii
ABSTRAK	xiii
CHAPTER	
1.0 INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Background of study	1
1.2 Objective	4
1.3 Hypothesis	4
2.0 LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1 Family Pasteurellaceae	5
2.1.1 Genus <i>Pasteurella</i>	5
2.1.2 <i>Pasteurella multocida</i>	7
2.1.3 Bacterial Identification	9
2.2 Bronchoalveolar Lavage	13
2.3 Immunoglobulin	14
2.3.1 IgG	16
2.3.2 IgA	19
3.0 METHODS AND MATERIALS	
3.1 Animals	22
3.2 Inoculum Preparation	24
3.3 Experimental Procedure	28
3.4 Serology	31
3.4.1 Coat with Antibody	31
3.4.2 Blocking (Postcoat)	34
3.4.3 Samples	34
3.4.4 Primary/Secondary Antibody Solution	37
3.4.5 Enzyme Substrate Reaction	37

4.0	RESULTS	
4.1	Antibody responses in bronchoalveolar lavage fluid	41
5.0	DISCUSSION	44
6.0	CONCLUSION	50
	REFERENCES	52
	APPENDICES	60
	CURRICULUM VITAE	66

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
2.1	The biochemical test to identify the characteristics of <i>P. multocida</i> .	11
4.1	The mean optical density of IgA and IgG for both treated and untreated.	42
4.2	The mean optical density and standard deviation of IgA and IgG for both treated and untreated groups.	42

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	Page
2.1 Colony morphology of <i>Pasteurella multocida</i>	10
2.2 5 classes of immunoglobulin	15
2.3 Structure of IgG	17
2.4 Assembly and secretion of secretory IgA.	21
3.1 Goats	23
3.2 Brain heart infusion broth (BHIB)	25
3.3 Inoculum	26
3.4 Whole lung removed at the trachea	29
3.5 Bronchoalveolar Lavage Sample	30
3.6 Plate design: The first column of the plate was designated as blank. The second and third column was designated for substrate only. The fourth and fifth rows were also designated as blank.	32
3.7 Washing Solution pH 7.4	33
3.8 Blocking Solution	35
3.9 Samples in Eppendorf Tubes	36
3.10 Color changes after stopping with H ₂ SO ₄ .	38
3.11 ELISA reader.	39

LIST OF CHARTS

Chart	Page
3.1 Inoculum preparation	27
3.2 ELISA protocol	40
4.1 The optical density differences of IgA and IgG among treated and untreated group.	43

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

%	percent
BALF	broncho-alveolar lavage fluid
BALT	bronchus-associated lymphoid
tissue	
BHIB	brain-heart infusion broth
Cfu	colony forming unit
CTL	cytotoxic T-lymphocytes
ELISA	enzyme-linked immunosorbent
assay	
H _o	null hypothesis
H _a	alternative hypothesis
Ig	Immunoglobulin
IT	intratracheal
m	meter
m ²	meter square
M	molar
ml	milliliter
NALT	nasal-associated lymphoid tissue
nm	nanometer
°C	degree Celsius
<i>P.</i>	<i>Pasteurella</i>
PBS	phosphate buffer saline
SIgA	secretory IgA
μm	micrometer

LIST OF APPENDICES

	Page
Appendix A Solution and Buffers	60
Appendix B Original data	62
Appendix C Student's t-test for IgG and IgA	64

ABSTRACT

A study to determine the immunoglobulin (Ig) responses in the lower respiratory tract of goats following intratracheal (IT) exposures to formalin-killed bacteria, *Pasteurella multocida* (*P. multocida*) B2 was carried out. Six clinically healthy goats were divided into two groups. Goats in Group 1 were subjected to IT exposure to formalin-killed *P. multocida* B2 while goats in Group 2 were the unexposed control. At the end of a two-week exposure, all goats were slaughtered and the lungs were flushed with 50 ml 0.8% normal saline. The bronchoalveolar lavage fluid (BALF) samples were subjected to enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) to determine the levels of IgA and IgG. IgA levels in the BALF were not significantly ($p > 0.05$) high. IgG levels were also not at a significantly ($p > 0.05$) high level.

**PENENTUAN ARAS IgA DAN IgG DARIPADA BRONCHOALVEOLAR
LAVAGE KAMBING MELALUI PENDEDAHAN SECARA
INTRATRACHEAL TERHADAP BAKTERIA *Pasteurella multocida* B2 YANG
TELAH DINYAHAKTIF OLEH FORMALIN.**

ABSTRAK

Suatu kajian telah dijalankan bagi menentukan tindakbalas immunoglobulin (Ig) dalam saluran pernafasan kambing melalui pendedahan secara intratracheal (IT) terhadap bakteria *Pasteurella multocida* (*P. multocida*) B2 yang telah dinyahaktif oleh formalin. Enam ekor kambing dibahagikan kepada dua kumpulan. Kambing-kambing dalam Kumpulan 1 didedahkan kepada *P. multocida* B2 yang telah dinyahaktif oleh formalin, manakala kambing-kambing Kumpulan 2 pula adalah sebagai kawalan. Selepas pendedahan selama dua minggu, kesemua kambing disembelih dan peparu kambing tersebut dicuci dengan 50 ml larutan garam 0.8%. Sampel-sampel cecair 'bronchoalveolar' dikaji aras IgA dan IgG dengan menggunakan immunoasai berenzim (ELISA). Aras kedua-dua Ig yang dikaji, iaitu IgA dan IgG dalam BALF adalah tidak signifikan ($p < 0.05$).