

STUDI KANDUNGAN GARAM DALAM SESEKALAN
REHUKAN GEMUK DAN KANDUNGAN KANDUNGAN
SUKSES ATAS SEMBUKUTAN, PERSEKUTUAN
DAN BELA KANDUNGAN DELTA, KELANTAN

DR. MOHAMMAD HUSNAN

FAKULTI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI
KOLEJ UNIVERSITI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA

2006

**COMPARISON AND DISCRIMINATION IN SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE
OF FIVE SELECTED MANGROVE SPECIES AT SETIU WETLAND,
TERENGGANU AND KELANTAN DELTA, KELANTAN**

MUHD AZWAN BIN MASSTAPAR

**FAKULTI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI
KOLEJ UNIVERSITI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA
2006**

COMPARISON AND DISCRIMINATION IN SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE OF
FIVE SELECTED MANGROVE SPECIES AT SETIU WETLAND,
TERENGGANU AND KELANTAN DELTA, KELANTAN

By

Muhammad Azwan bin Masstapar

Research Report submitted in partial fulfillment of
the requirements for the degree of
Bachelor of Applied Science (Biodiversity Conservation and Management)

Department of Biological Sciences
Faculty of Science and Technology
KOLEJ UNIVERSITI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA
2006

This project should be cited as:

Muhd Azwan, M. 2006. Comparison and Discrimination in Spectral Reflectance of Five Selected Mangrove Species at Setiu Wetland, Terengganu and Kelantan Delta, Kelantan. Undergraduate thesis, Bachelor of Applied Science (Biodiversity Conservation and Management), Faculty of Science and Technology, Kolej Universiti Sains dan Teknologi Malaysia, Terengganu. 54p.

No part of this project report may be produced by any mechanical, photographic, or electronic process, or in the form of phonographic recording, nor may it be stored in a retrieval system, transmitted, or otherwise copied for public or private use, without written permission from the author and the supervisors of the project.



**JABATAN SAINS BIOLOGI
FAKULTI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI
KOLEJ UNIVERSITI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA**

**PENGAKUAN DAN PENGESAHAN LAPORAN
PROJEK PENYELIDIKAN I DAN II**

Adalah ini diakui dan disahkan bahawa laporan penyelidikan bertajuk: **COMPARISON AND DISCRIMINATION IN SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE OF FIVE SELECTED MANGROVE SPECIES AT SETIU WETLAND, TERENGGANU AND KELANTAN DELTA, KELANTAN** oleh **MUHD AZWAN B. MASSTAPAR**, No. Matrik UK8247 telah diperiksa dan semua pembetulan yang disarankan telah dilakukan. Laporan ini dikemukakan kepada Jabatan Sains Biologi sebagai memenuhi sebahagian daripada keperluan memperoleh Ijazah Sarjana Muda Sains Gunaan (Pemuliharaan dan Pengurusan Biodiversiti), Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi, Kolej Universiti Sains dan Teknologi Malaysia.

Disahkan oleh:

Penyelia Utama **Kasawani Ibrahim**
Nama: **Pensyarah**
Cop Rasmi: **Jabatan Sains Biologi
Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi
Kolej Universiti Sains dan Teknologi Malaysia
21030 Kuala Terengganu.**

Tarikh: **8.5.06**

Penyelia Kedua **PROF. MADYA SULONG BIN IBRAHIM**
Nama: **Fellow**
Cop Rasmi: **Institut Oseanografi
Kolej Universiti Sains dan Teknologi Malaysia
Mengabang Telipot
21030 Kuala Terengganu.**

Tarikh: **14/05/06**

Ketua Jabatan Sains Biologi
Nama:
Cop Rasmi: **PROF. MADYA DR. NAKISAH BT. MAT AMIN**
Ketua
**Jabatan Sains Biologi
Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi
Kolej Universiti Sains dan Teknologi Malaysia
(KUSTEM)
21030 Kuala Terengganu.**

Tarikh: **09/05/06**

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I wish to extend my heartfelt thanks to all those who have contributed to this project and research report. My work on this research was shaped by input from my main supervisor, Mr. Kasawani b. Ibrahim and co-supervisor Associate Professor Sulong b. Ibrahim who shared their knowledge and guidance through the project. The unsolicited comments from Institute of Oceanography (INOS) Laboratory Assistants were also very helpful. Thanks also go to masters students for sharing the literatures and experiences in working with remote sensing. I also to acknowledge Mr Mohd Suffian Idris and Dr Chuah Tse Seng to help me in analysis data to and finally, I am deeply grateful to my family and friends for their support, encouragement and patience.

Muhammad Azwan b. Masstapar

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	ii
LIST OF TABLES	vii
LIST OF FIGURES	viii
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	ix
LIST OF APPENDICES	x
ABSTRACT	xi
ABSTRAK	xii
CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Introduction	1
1.2 Importance of Study	3
1.3 Objective	3
CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW	4
2.1 Definition of Mangrove	4
2.2 Mangrove Distributions	5
2.3 Mangrove Function and Values	5
2.4 Spectral Reflectance	6
2.4.1 Vegetation spectral signature	7
2.4.2 Soil reflectance	8
2.4.3 Water reflectance	9
2.5 Factors Effecting Vegetation Reflectance	9
2.5.1 Vegetation pigments	9

2.5.1	Vegetation pigments	9
2.5.2	Vegetation structure	11
2.6	Spectroradiometer	11
2.7	Selected Mangrove Species and Mangrove Characteristic	12
2.7.1	<i>Acanthus illicifolius</i>	12
2.7.2	<i>Avicennia alba</i>	12
2.7.3	<i>Bruguiera cylindrica</i>	13
2.7.4	<i>Nypa fruticans</i>	13
2.7.5	<i>Pandanus tectoris</i>	14
CHAPTER 3 METHODOLOGY		15
3.1	Study Sites	15
3.1.1	Setiu Wetland, Terengganu	15
3.1.2	Kelantan Delta, Kelantan	16
3.2	Methodology Flowchart	17
3.2.1	Field Sampling of Spectral Reflectance	18
3.2.3	Data Analysis	19
3.2.4	Statistical Analysis	19
CHAPTER 4 RESULTS		22
4.1	Spectral Reflectance of Five Mangrove Species at Setiu Wetland, Terengganu	22
4.1.1	Young five mangrove species spectral reflectance at Setiu Wetland	22
4.1.2	Old five mangrove species spectral reflectance at Setiu Wetland	24

4.2	Spectral Reflectance of Five Mangrove Species at Kelantan Delta, Kelantan	28
4.2.1	Young five mangrove species spectral reflectance at Kelantan Delta	28
4.2.2	Old five mangrove species spectral reflectance at Kelantan Delta	30
4.2.3	Means reflectance (%) of five young and old selected mangrove species at Kelantan Delta	32
4.3	Spectral Separability among Mangrove Species	34
4.4	T-test Analysis	36
CHAPTER 5 DISCUSSION		37
CHAPTER 6 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION		43
6.1	Conclusion	43
6.2	Recommendation	44
REFERENCES		46
APPENDICES		50
CURICULUM VITAE		54

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
4.1.3	The mean reflectance (%) of five young and old selected mangrove species at Setiu Wetland	27
4.2.3	The mean reflectance (%) of five young and old selected mangrove species at Kelantan Delta	33
4.3a	Variable shown to be significant of five selected mangrove species <i>A. illicifolius</i> , <i>A. alba</i> , <i>B. cylindrica</i> , <i>N. fruticans</i> and <i>P. tectoris</i> by stepwise discriminant analysis at α -level of 0.025 with a Wilk's lambda of zero at Setiu Wetland	35
4.3b	Variable shown to be significant of five selected mangrove species <i>A. illicifolius</i> , <i>A. alba</i> , <i>B. cylindrica</i> , <i>N. fruticans</i> and <i>P. tectoris</i> by stepwise discriminant analysis at α -level of 0.025 with a Wilk's lambda of zero at Kelantan Delta	35
4.4	T-test analysis variable among five mangrove species	36

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure		Page
2.4a	The electromagnetic spectrum	7
2.4b	Typical spectral response characteristics of green vegetation (Hoffer, 1978)	8
3.1	Study sites area at Setiu Wetland and Kelantan Delta, Kelantan	16
3.2	Methodology flowchart	17
4.1.1	Young mangrove species spectral reflectance at Setiu Wetland	23
4.1.2	Old mangrove species spectral reflectance at Setiu Wetland	25
4.2.1	Young mangrove species spectral reflectance at Kelantan Delta	29
4.2.2	Old mangrove species spectral reflectance at Kelantan Delta	31

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

cm	-	centimeter
CO ₂	-	carbondioxide
E	-	East
EMR	-	Electromagnetic Radiation
MIR	-	Middle Infra Red
mm	-	millimeter
N	-	North
NIR	-	Near Infra Red
nm	-	nanometer
α	-	alpha
°	-	degree
°C	-	degree Celcius
μm	-	micrometer
'	-	minute
≥	-	more than
≤	-	less than
%	-	percent

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix		Pages
1	Equipment	50
2	Five selected mangrove species	51

ABSTRACT

The spectral signatures of the five selected mangrove species were collected *Acanthus illifolius*, *Avicennia alba*, *Bruguiera cylindrica*, *Nypa fruticans* and *Pandanus tectoris* were investigated to identify spectral reflectance and the best wavelength of spectral reflectance and also to determine significant waveband in discriminating among mangrove species. The spectral reflectance of mangrove species collected from mangrove habitats at Setiu Wetland, Terengganu and Kelantan Delta, Kelantan were measured in the field using a spectroradiometer during September 2005 to March 2006. The spectral reflectance among young and old plant of every species were compared between the two study sites. This study showed that mangrove species at both study sites have reflectance below 1.0%. Spectral reflectance was measured in invisible wavelength and near infra red wavelength. Strong and consistent differences in reflectance between species were recorded in the green wavelengths at 530-580 nm with additional discrimination in the regions 560–580 nm and at the ‘red-edge’ at 690–740 nm. *A. alba*, *N. fruticans* and young *B. cylindrica* showed no significant differences among mangrove species at both study sites. Meanwhile *A. illicifolius*, *P. tectoris* and old *B. cylindrica* showed significant differences among mangrove species at both study sites.

PERBANDINGAN DAN DISKRIMINASI PANTULAN CAHAYA BAGI LIMA SPESIS BAKAU TERPILIH DI SETIU WETLAND, TERENGGANU DAN KELANTAN DELTA, KELANTAN

ABSTRAK

Dalam kajian ini bentuk pantulan cahaya pada pokok bakau seperti *Acanthus illifolius*, *Avicennia alba*, *Bruguiera cylindrica*, *Nypa fruticans* and *Pandanus tectoris* dikaji untuk menenalpasti pantulan cahaya dan gelombang pantulan cahaya yang tebaik bagi kelima-lima spesies pokok bakau tersebut di lokasi kajian. Selain itu, kajian bertujuan untuk menentukan perbezaan ketara band gelombang bagi membezakan antara kelima-lima pokok tersebut di dua lokasi kajian yang berbeza. Kajian ini dijalankan di Setiu Wetland Terengganu dan Delta Kelantan, Kelantan diukur di lapangan dengan menggunakan spectroradiometer dari September 2005 hingga Mac 2006. Pantulan cahaya antara pokok tua dan muda bagi setiap spesies di antara kedua-dua lokasi kajian dibandingkan. Kajian mendapati bahawa kesemua spesies yang dipilih mempunyai pantulan di bawah nilai 1.0%. Pembalikan setiap daun diukur dengan menggunakan jalur kenampakan (visible) dan jalur infra merah (infra red). Perbezaan pantulan cahaya antara spesies adalah ketara pada jalur hijau pada jalur (530-580nm) dan untuk membezakan antara spesies pada jalur hijau pada (560-580nm) dan pada jalur 'red-edge' (690-740nm). Spesies *A. alba* dan *N. fruticans* dan spesies *B. cylindrica* muda menunjukkan tiada perbezaan ketara antara dua lokasi kajian yang berbeza. Manakala spesies *A. illicifolius* and *P. tectoris* dan *B. cylindrica* tua menunjukkan terdapat perbezaan ketara antara dua lokasi kajian yang berbeza.