

THE CLOTHES AND FURNITURE OF A LADY'S CHAMBER

BY MARY ANN TURNER

PRINTED FOR THE AUTHOR

1100051269 Perpustakaan Sultanah Nur Zahirah (UMT)
Universiti Malaysia Terengganu

C/N 5089

LP 3 FST 5 2007



1100051269

Pulsing and characterization of a diode laser / Khairul Azli Latiff.



PERPUSTAKAAN
UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU (UMT)
21030 KUALA TERENGGANU

1100051269

Lihat sebelah



PULSING AND CHARACTERIZATION OF A DIODE LASER

By

Khairul Azli Bin Latiff

Research Report submitted in partial fulfillment of
the requirements for the degree of
Bachelor of Applied Science (Physics Electronics and Instrumentations)

Department of Physical Sciences
Faculty of Science and Technology
UNIVERSITY MALAYSIA OF TERENGGANU

2007

1100051269



UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU

UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU

21030 KUALA TERENGGANU, TERENGGANU, MALAYSIA

Tel. : 09-668 4100

Faks : 09-669 6441

Laman Web : <http://www.umt.edu.my>

**FAKULTI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI
JABATAN SAINS FIZIK**

PENGAKUAN DAN PENGESAHAN LAPORAN PROJEK PENYELIDIKAN I DAN II

Adalah ini diakui dan disahkan bahawa laporan penyelidikan bertajuk:

PULSING AND CHARACTERIZATION OF A DIODE LASER

Oleh: **KHAIRUL AZLI BIN LATIFF** no matrik: **UK10394** telah diperiksa dan semua pembetulan yang disarankan telah dilakukan. Laporan ini dikemukakan kepada Jabatan Sains Fizik sebagai memenuhi sebahagian daripada keperluan Ijazah Sarjana Muda Sains Gunaan (Fizik Elektronik dan Instrumentasi), Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu.

Disahkan oleh:

Penyelia Utama: **FARIZAN BINTI MUNAJAT**
Nama : Pensyarah
Cop Rasmi : Jabatan Sains Fizik
 Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi
 Universiti Malaysia Terengganu
 21030 Kuala Terengganu

Tarikh: **30 APRIL 2007**

Penyelia Kedua (jika ada)

Nama :
Cop Rasmi : Tarikh:

Ketua Jabatan Sains Fizik

Nama : **PROF. MADYA DR. SENIN HASSAN**
Cop Rasmi : Ketua Jabatan
 Jabatan Sains Fizik
 Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi
 Universiti Malaysia Terengganu
 21030 Kuala Terengganu

Tarikh: **30 April 2007**

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Firstly, I am fully thankful to god for its blessing as it is really one the biggest factors for me in completing this study. I would like to express my deepest and warmest Gratitude to my supervisor Mrs. Nur Farizan Binti Munajat for her assistance and guide throughout this study. I am also very thankful to her for all the valuable advices not just about this study but on my academic studies as a whole.

Besides that, I am also full of gratitude to all the staff in the Department of Science Physics, especially to Mr. Wan Noor Azhar Bin Wan Jusoh. On top of that I would like to express my thankfulness to Mr. Mohd Razman Ngah from the Department of Engineering Science for helping me with the Multisim software and guided me to complete my circuit. It's a pleasure to have the opportunity to work with all of them.

I also would like to take this chance to thanks Dr. Mohd Ikmar Nizam Bin Mohamad Isa as the coordinator for the final year project. Last but not least to all my beloved friends for their support and assistance during the duration of the study and it goes especially to everyone that related to this study. I would like to thank my loving parents and the special someone that dear to my heart for the continuous encouragement, as it gives me a lot of courage to step forward and being better

TABLE OF CONTENT

TITLE	PAGE	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	iii	
TABLE OF CONTENTS	iv	
LIST OF FIGURES	vi	
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS / SYMBOLS	viii	
ABSTRACT	ix	
ABSTRAK	x	
CHAPTER 1	INTROUCTION	
1.1	Overview	1
1.2	Scope of Study	2
1.3	Objectives	2
1.4	Outlines	2
CHAPTER 2	LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1	Laser	4

2.1.2	CW Laser Operation	6
2.1.2	Pulse Laser Operation	6
2.2	Diode Lasers	7
2.3	History of the Diode Laser	9
2.4	Applications of the Diode Laser	10
2.5	Laser pointers	10

CHAPTER 3 METHODOLOGY

3.1	Introduction	12
3.2	Modeling the Pulser circuit	13
3.3	Pulser Circuit	17
3.4	Hooking up the pulser to the laser pointer	20
3.5	Pulse Detection	22
3.6	Experimental Setup	24

CHAPTER 4 RESULTS & DISCUSSION

4.1	Introduction	26
4.2	Analyzing a Pulser Circuit	26
4.3	Laser Beam Detection	28
4.4	Pulse Diode Laser	29

CHAPTER 5 CONCLUSION & SUGGESTION

5.1	Conclusion	34
5.2	Suggestion	35

REFERENCES

CURRICULUM VITAE

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURES	PAGE
2.1 Principal components of laser	5
2.2 Bandgap diagram of an NpP AlGaAs/GaAs/AlGaAs heterojunction	8
2.3 Typical red laser pointers	11
2.4 Green DPSS laser pointer	11
3.1 Flow diagram of the methodology	12
3.2 Blank Multisim software window circuit	14
3.3 Blank Multisim software window circuit	14
3.4 Blank Multisim software window circuit	15
3.5 Choose the components and place them on the window circuit	15
3.6 Arrange and wiring components together	16
3.7 Run designed circuit	16
3.8 Appeared graph at the oscilloscope	17
3.9 Diagram for the functional of push button	18
3.10 Schematic diagram of pulser circuit	18
3.11 Real pulser circuit	19
3.12 Connection to the input and output circuit	19
3.13 Hooking up the pulser to the laser pointer.	20
3.14 The laser pointer and pulser hook up.	20
3.15 Show and overview of the battery, pulser circuit and laser hooked up	21
3.16 Photodetector circuit	22
3.17 Setup of the pulse detection	23
3.18 Laser pointer beam strike the photodiode surface	23
3.19 Diagram for the full experiment setup	24
3.20 Actual image of the full experiment setup	25
4.1 Run the pulsing circuit with the oscilloscope	26

4.2	Pulse wave appear causes by the switch push up button	27
4.3	Waveform from the pulsing circuit	27
4.4	Waveform when no laser beam strikes the photodiode	28
4.5	Waveform when laser beam strikes the photodiode	28
4.6	Graph from the pulser circuit	29
4.7	Output from circuit and the output from connection probe 2	30
4.8	Waveform 1	31
4.9	Waveform 2	31
4.10	Waveform 3	32
4.11	Waveform 4	33
4.12	Waveform 5	33

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

CD	Compact disc
DVD	Digital video disc
IC	Integrated circuit
CW	Continuous wave
CD-ROM	Compact disc-read only memory

ABSTRACT

Laser in the form of laser diode are in widespread use today. Diode laser are used in large number of industrial applications, the most prevalent use of the laser diode is probably in CD and DVD drives for computer and audio or video media systems. Diode laser are also used in many other applications varying from laser photocopy machines and printer to optical fiber communication, medicine and some areas of IC manufacture. Pulsing a laser diode can be powerful analytical tool for testing its quality and thermal efficiency. This study describes method to pulse a continuous wave laser diode. An inexpensive laser pointer was utilized as a laser source. The pulser device was developed using 555 monostable current. The pulsed laser diode then was detected by high speed photodetector.

ABSTRAK

Laser dalam bentuk laser diod adalah mempunyai kegunaan yang meluas pada hari ini. Laser diod digunakan dalam pelbagai kegunaan yang berskala besar dalam industri, yang paling hampir adalah pemacu CD dan DVD bagi komputer dan audio atau sistem hiburan video. Laser diod adalah juga digunakan didalam lain-lain kegunaan yang pelbagai, bermula daripada laser untuk mesin fotokopi dan pencetak kepada sistem perhubungan fiber optic, perubatan dan dalam beberapa bidang berkaitan pembuatan litar bersepadau (IC). Denyutan satu laser diod boleh menghasilkan sebuah alat penganalisa yang berkuasa untuk pengujian kualiti dan kecekapan termanya. Kajian ini menerangkan kaedah untuk mendenyutkan suatu gelombang berterusan bagi laser diod. Satu laser penunjuk yang murah digunakan sebagai aplikasi sebagai satu sumber laser. Denyutan laser diod kemudian dikesan menggunakan diod cahaya berkelajuan tinggi.