

THE EFFECT OF Global Warming INDUSTRIAL EMISSIONS

ON ACCESS TO THE MARKET OUTSIDE

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FAKULTAS SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI
UNIVERSITAS NEGERI YOGYAKARTA
2007



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1100051176

Toxicity effect of Capsicum frutescens extracts on aedes Aegypti larvae (Diptera:culicidae) / Shahzom Hanum Safar.

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TOXICITY EFFECT OF *Capsicum Frutescens* EXTRACTS
ON *Aedes Aegypti* LARVAE (DIPTERA: CULICIDAE)

By

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Research Report submitted in partial fulfillment of
the requirements for the degree of
Bachelor of Science (Biological Sciences)

Department Of Biological Sciences
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UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU
2007

1100051176

This project report should be cited as:

Shahzom, H.S. 2007. Study on Toxicity effect of *Capsicum frutescens* extracts on *Aedes aegypti* larvae (Diptera: Culicidae). Undergraduate thesis, Bachelor of Science (Biological Sciences), Faculty of Science and Technology, University Malaysia Terengganu, Terengganu.

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PENGAKUAN DAN PENGESAHAN LAPORAN
PROJEK PENYELIDIKAN I DAN II
RESEARCH REPORT VERIFICATION

Adalah ini diakui dan disahkan bahawa laporan penyelidikan bertajuk: **TOXICITY EFFECT OF Capsicum frutescens EXTRACTS ON Aedes aegypti LARVAE (DIPTERA: CULICIDAE)** oleh **SHAHZOM HANUM BINTI SAFAR**, no. matrik: **UK10232** telah diperiksa dan semua pembetulan yang disarankan telah dilakukan. Laporan ini dikemukakan kepada Jabatan Sains Biologi sebagai memenuhi sebahagian daripada keperluan memperolehi ijazah Sarjana Muda Sains (Sains Biologi), Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu.

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ACKNOLEDGMENTS

Assalamualaikum w.b.t

I would like to especially thank my supervisor, Puan Wahizatul Afzan Azmi for help, guidance, encouragement, critism and patient. Thank you so much for being so generous with ideas. Also like to my utmost appreciation to Puan Norhayati Yusof, my Co-supervisor for being very helpful throughout my project period.

To all the staffs of Faculty Science of Technology, UMT, thanks you so much for the guidance given. I would like to thank science officers from the Biological Science Department, Cik Norazlina binti Abdulk Aziz and Puan Ku Naiza Ku Nordin for giving their permission to use the Biochemistry Laboratory, as well as lab assistants Puan Fatimah for their helping.

To my fellow group of final year project; Fatimah, Zatul and Shashita, thanks a zillion for sharing the work load of keeping the lab tidy with me. A big thank you goes to my beloved friends especially to Muhamad Asyraf, Rini, and Adida for being a supportive companion.

A grateful also to my beloved also to my beloved parents, Safar bin Yahmu and Fatima binti Maslan and my siblings who always giving me support and advices without feeling bored. All the love and support given each time have strengthened up my soul and gave me confident to accomplish this study.

Last but not least, to all my course mates and person who did not mentioned her, thanks for helping and being supportive to me. May Allah bless all of you.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	ii
LIST OF FIGURES	v
LIST OF TABLES	vi
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	vii
LIST OF APPENDICES	viii
ABSTRACT	ix
ABSTRAK	x
CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Introduction	1
1.2 Importance of study	2
1.3 Objectives	3
CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW	4
2.1 Herbal plants in medical view	4
2.2 Secondary metabolites	5
2.3 Plants as insecticides	6
2.3.1 Plant derived component as insecticides	6
2.4 Plants from family	8
2.4.1 <i>Capsicum frutescens</i>	8
2.4.2 Capsicum distribution	9
2.4.3 Bioactive compound in Capsicum tree	9
2.4.4 Capsicum tree in medical usage	10
2.5 Mosquito	10
2.5.1 <i>Aedes aegypti</i> (Linnaeus)	12
2.5.2 Biological characteristic	12
2.5.3 Dengue	14
CHAPTER 3 METHODOLOGY	15
3.1 Extraction of <i>Capsicum frutescens</i>	15
3.2 Dilution of extraction samples	15
3.3 Rearing of <i>Ae. Aegypti</i> .	17
3.4 Toxicity bioassay.	17
3.5 Data analysis	18
CHAPTER 4 RESULTS	19

CHAPTER 5 DISCUSSION	24
CHAPTER 6 CONCLUSION	29
REFERENCENS	30
APPENDICES	35
CURICULUM VITAE	54

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure		Page
2.1	Mosquito, <i>Aedes aegypti</i> is recognized by their black and white striped leg.	13
3.1.	Filtrated was conducted using rotary evaporator to obtain Extract	16
3.2.	Leaf and fruit extract of <i>C. frutescens</i>	16
4.1	Percentage of mortality-concentration curve of third instars <i>Ae. aegypti</i> larvae to leaf extract of <i>C. frutescens</i> at different concentrations at 24-hour	20
4.2	Percentage of mortality-concentration curve of third instars <i>Ae. aegypti</i> larvae to fruit extract of <i>C. frutescens</i> at different concentration at 24-hour.	21

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
4.1	Probit analysis on mortality of third instars, <i>Ae. aegypti</i> to leaf and fruit extracts of <i>C. frutescens</i> , at 24-hour	22
4.2	Toxicity effect of extract of <i>C. frutescens</i> on <i>Ae. aegypti</i> larvae	23
	1	

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

$^{\circ}\text{C}$	Celcius
cm	centimeter
DEN	dengue
g	gram
IMR	Institute Medical of Research
LC ₅₀	lethal median concentration
l	liter
m	meter
mg	milligram
ml	milliliter
mm	millimeter
WHO	World Health Organization
%	percentage

LIST OF APENDICES

Appendix		Page
1	Probit Analysis for leaf extract (replicate 1)	35
2	Probit Analysis for leaf extract (replicate 2)	38
3	Probit Analysis for leaf extract (replicate 3)	41
4	Probit Analysis for fruit extract (replicate 1)	44
5	Probit Analysis for fruit extract (replicate 2)	47
6	Probit Analysis for fruit extract (replicate 3)	50
7	T-tests Analysis for leaf and fruit extract.	53

ABSTRACT

Natural product research is guided by bioactivity test. Herbal plants especially *Capsicum frutescens* (Family: Solanaceae) is rich sources of bioactive compounds were commonly used as medicinal and therapeutic purposes. The aims of this study were to determine the toxicity effect of *C. frutescens* and to compare the different toxicity effect of fruit and leaf extracts of *C. frutescens* on third instar of *Aedes aegypti* larvae. Fruit and leaf extracts were extracted using 98.99% of methanol solvent and were tested on *Ae. aegypti* larvae in different concentrations which were 0.25 mg/ml, 0.5 mg/ml, 1 mg/ml, 2 mg/ml and 4 mg/ml. Bioassays test exposure was done for 24 hours. The results obtained showed that LC₅₀ value for fruits and leaves extract were 1.2692 mg/ml and 1.3929 mg/ml, respectively ($P>0.05$: paired t-test). There were no significant differences for both extracts of *C. frutescens* as $P=0.621$ was more than 0.05. These show that both parts of extracts *C. frutescens* produced compounds and could be useful for a template of synthetic insecticides.

**KESAN KETOKSIKAN EKSTRAK *C. FRUTESCENS* TERHADAP LARVA
NYAMUK *AEDES AEGYPTI*. (DIPTERA:CULICIDAE)**

ABSTRAK

Produk semulajadi boleh dikaji melalui ujian bioaktiviti daripada ekstrak. Tumbuhan herba terutamanya dari family Solanaceae adalah kaya dengan kompaun bioaktif. *Capsicum frutescens* adalah dari famili Solanaceae. Tujuan kajian ini di jalankan untuk menentukan kesan ketoksikan *C. frutescens* dan membandingkan perbezaan kesan ketoksikan ekstrak buah dan daun terhadap instar ketiga larva *Aedes aegypti*. Pengekstrakan ekstrak buah dan daun menggunakan pelarut 98.99% metanol dan diuji terhadap larva *Ae. aegypti* pada kepekatan yang berbeza iaitu 0.25 mg/ml, 0.5 mg/ml, 1 mg/ml, 2 mg/ml dan 4 mg/ml. Ujian bioasai didedahkan selama 24 jam. Keputusan yang diperolehi menunjukkan nilai LC₅₀ bagi ekstrak buah dan daun adalah 1.2692 mg/ml dan 1.3929 mg/ml masing-masing ($P>0.05$: ujian-t tak bersandaran). Tiada perbezaan yang bererti bagi kedua-dua ekstrak *C. frutescens* di mana $P=0.621$ lebih besar dari 0.05. Nilai ini menunjukkan kedua-dua ekstrak *C. frutescens* menghasilkan sejenis kompaun dan mungkin berguna untuk templat insektisek sintetik.